

Tribal LIHEAP Crisis Programs FY 2016

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Alabama	Poarch Band of Creek Indians	60 SMI	Clients must have had a crisis situation within the last three months. This is defined as a loss or reduction in income, through no fault of their own or a major medical incident and a disconnect notice or near empty tank. Other losses of income may qualify the client for Crisis Assistance and eligibility is decided on a case-by-case basis.	\$325
Alabama	United Cherokee Ani-Yun-Wiya Nation	60 SMI	A crisis can be any number of circumstances to include but not limited to: Loss of job or reduction in hours; Climate extremes causing high energy costs; Utility cutoff due to act of God or due to loss or reduction in income; Heating or cooling system functions diminished or inoperable.	\$1,200
Alaska	Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association	150 FPG	The household must be within 48 hours of shutoff, out of fuel, or within a day of running out of fuel.	\$2,500
Alaska	Aniak Traditional Council	150 FPG	Our clients will need a written disconnection notice from our Electric Company and they will need a notice from the fuel vendor stating they are out of heating fuel.	\$500
Alaska	Association of Village Council Presidents	150 FPG	A household that has properly exhausted their heating assistance benefit from the previous fiscal year's program, or has not yet received a heating assistance benefit for the current year, and meets one of the following criteria: 1) The household has run out of heating fuel/firewood or has electricity services terminated; or, 2) The household will run out of heating fuel/firewood or have electricity services terminated within 48 hours.	\$229
Alaska	Bristol Bay	150 FPG	A crisis is when a household is within 48 hours of shut off, out of fuel, or within a day of running out of fuel.	\$5,250
Alaska	Chuathbaluk Traditional Council	60 SMI	A crisis is when a person has received a shut off notice for their electricity and they have no anticipated income previous to the actual shut off date. If the household consists of at least one elder (over the age of 70), or an infant under the age of one year old, the predicted outside temperature of -5 degrees Fahrenheit for the next 5 days is used.	\$400
Alaska	Cook Inlet Tribal Council	150 FPG	The household must be within 48 hours of shutoff, out of fuel, or within a day of running out of fuel. Also their income for the month prior to the date they signed their application must be less than their shelter costs (mortgage/rent, electric and heat) for the same time period.	\$2,200

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Alaska	Kenaitze Indian Tribe	150 FPG	All clients must have exhausted their regular benefit amount and demonstrate that they have contacted other local agencies for assistance. Income and benefit levels are calculated the same as the regular benefit. All applicants must apply for the State of Alaska General Relief Program and verification must be sent via phone, fax, email or in writing. Phone verification will be made with Love Inc., to verify that an application or intake took place and whether the application is pending, denied or approved. If approved through either agency Kenaitze Indian Tribe will conduct an eligibility review. If either denies application or intake, further investigation prior to processing application will be made by the Social Services Assistant and/or the Social & Financial Services Manager. The household must submit a shut off notice and obtain direct notice in writing or verbally from a utility vendor and has a need for further assistance in order to keep from shut off after the regular benefit has been exhausted. In a crisis situation purchase of space heaters, blankets, sleeping bags, emergency lodging (NTE 3 days), and prevention of shut-offs and payment of reconnection charges will be determined by the Social Services Team Lead and/or Social Services Administrator. An additional grant may be issued if the client is subject to shut-off and has documentation that it is medically necessary to prevent a shut-off. The Homer Electric Association tariff - Special Disconnect Notice for Ill or Handicapped Members - 30 day notice prior to disconnect -	\$5,250
Alaska	Kodiak Area Native Association	60 SMI	A household may receive expedited crisis assistance if: the applicant has requested expedited services; and the household's gross monthly income is less than the household's monthly shelter costs; and/or the applicant has suffered, or will suffer within 48 hours, termination of fuel or home heating-related utility services; and the division has verified the application.	\$1,500
Alaska	Orutsararmiut Native Council	150 FPG	Households with a shut off notice or that have less than 5 gallons of heating fuel, medical need, households which contain elders 60 years or older and small children 5 years and younger. Households in danger of running out of heating fuel in 18 hours or less.	\$350
Alaska	Seldovia Village Tribe	150 FPG	A household that has properly exhausted their heating assistance benefits and meets one of the following: A household that has had notice that fuel or heating related utility services will be terminated. Fuel or heating utility will be terminated in 48 hours. If heat is included in rent, and eviction notice has been received.	\$200
Alaska	Tanana Dena'Nena'Henash	150 FPG	Households who have a sole source heating unit and are in jeopardy of running out of heating fuel source within 5 days. Households with dual source heating units and are in jeopardy of running out of both heating fuel sources within 5 days.	\$1,468

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Alaska	Tlingit-Haida Regional Housing Authority	150 FPG	A client that is out of fuel, getting electric disconnected within the next 48 hours, or have an eviction notice	\$1,500
Alaska	Yakutat Tlingit Tribe	150 FPG	a crisis occurs when an applicant is determined to be eligible for assistance and has suffered, or will suffer within 48 hours, termination of fuel or home heating related utility services.	\$273
Arizona	Cocopah Indian Tribe	150 FPG	Crisis Assistance is defined a household receiving a shut-off notice, out of propane, unable to pay for these services is considered a Crisis.	\$350
Arizona	Colorado River Indian Tribes	150 FPG	CRIT defines a LIHEAP crisis as when an individual or family lacks the financial ability to pay the utility bill, and has been threatened with the impending termination of services, or services have already been fully terminated.	\$1,000
Arizona	Gila River Indian Community	150 FPG	Households with an elderly (55+) and disabled or children 5 years an under whose household have received a pending disconnection notice or services, or are currently disconnected.	\$800
Arizona	Pasqua Yaqui Tribe	60 SMI	Crisis means that the client is at risk or threatened by an inability to meet the basic necessities of life such as food, shelter, utilities and clothing due to circumstances beyond their control, possibly caused by natural disaster, fire or financial hardship. For regular non-life threatening situations, crisis is determined when a client has a delinquent bill or a late payment notice bill, or in cases where a bill constitutes a high percentage of a fixed income.	\$300
Arizona	Quechan Indian Tribe	150 FPG	The Quechan Indian Tribe identifies an emergency situation according to a client receiving a final shut off notice or power shut off.	\$200
Arizona	Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community	150 FPG	For an elderly (+55), disabled, or child under 16 whose household has exhausted the regular benefit and is in a crisis in which the power cannot be shut off such as, but not limited to, the following situations: Medications that require uninterrupted refrigeration; CPS Threat of removal of a child in the custody of a grandparent because of the unsafe environment that would be caused by a lack of electricity for heating orcooling; Post medical procedure or emergency convalescence at home.	\$3,000
Arizona	San Carlos Apache Tribe	150 FPG	A household with a pink slip, disconnection notice will be determined to be in crisis.	\$300

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Arizona	The Navajo Nation	150 FPG	A household may be eligible for crisis assistance if there is an imminent loss of heating or cooling energy. Less than 5% of fuel supply (e.g. reading of 1/8 tank or less on standard 275 gallon heating oil tank; reading of 25% or less on a propane tank; 3-day or less supply standard applies to other delivered fuel types. Dysfunctional or unsafe primary heating system and no secondary heating system is available. Notice of intent to disconnect utility services if the household's main heating/cooling system requires electricity and/or natural gas. Deliberate failure to maintain account up to date doesn't qualify as a life-threatening crisis.	\$1,500
California	Berry Creek Rancheria - Tyme Maidu Tribe	60 SMI	The household must have received a 24 or 48 hour shut off notice, be out of fuel, or there is a situation considered life-threatening.	\$400
California	Bishop Paiute Tribe	60 SMI	The Bishop Paiute Tribe uses the federal definition of a crisis: weather-related and supply shortage emergencies and other household-related emergencies.	\$225
California	Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians	60 SMI	The household must have received a shut-off notice, have no wood when wood heat is the only source of home heating, or have an empty tank of propane when propane is the only source of home heating.	\$150
California	Enterprise Rancheria	60 SMI	Receiving a shut-off notice, 24/48 hour propane is less than 20% in tank	\$340
California	Hoopa Valley Tribe	60 SMI	A crisis is constituted by a client bringing in a 48 hour notice, or a shut off notice from vendor	\$500
California	Hopland Band of Pomo Indians	150 FPG	Household must have received a 15 day, 48 or 24 hour shut-off notice or have an empty fuel tank. Household lacks the appropriate amount of firewood, propane or other deliverable fuel to provide adequate heating. Verification from vendor or Tribal LIHEAP representative of level of propane may also serve as proof of crisis if propane level is less than 15%.	\$300
California	Karuk Tribe	60 SMI	Crisis is considered to be an event or condition beyond the control of the applicants -- generally associated with weather-related and supply shortage emergencies, and other energy-related emergencies. A shut off notice does not necessarily constitute a crisis situation	\$500
California	Mooretown Rancheria	60 SMI	We determine a crisis a notice of 15 days or a 48 hour shut off notice from a utility company, 20% or less in propane tank.	\$300

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
California	Northern California Indian Development Council	150 FPG	When a household lacks the appropriate amount of wood, oil, propane or other delivered fuel to provide adequate heating, cooling or cooking fuel, or for those connected to the electric and/or natural gas grid when they have received an interruption of services, a shut off notice from the vendor or a notice that prepayment must be made prior to further delivery of cooking or heating fuel.	\$600
California	Pinoleville Pomo Nation	60 SMI	Weather-related and supply shortage emergencies and other household energy-related emergencies	\$350
California	Quartz Valley Indian Reservation	60SMI	A household is in danger of losing energy services or is on the verge of depleting fuel for energy service - \$10 or less. Also, household with children under the age of 5, elderly over the age of 55, or a disabled person will be classified as a priority.	\$350
California	Redding Rancheria	150 FPG	A crisis consists of a sustained situation where there is either no source or heating or cooling or the imminent threat of discontinuity of service that will put young children, elderly, disabled or medical cases at risk.	\$500
California	Redwood Valley Little River Band of Pomo Indians	60 SMI	15 day notice from Utility	\$150
California	Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Co. Health, Inc.	150 FPG	The following situations are defined as crisis: A) shut-off notice or bills exceeding \$340; B) households lacking any appropriate energy efficient appliance for heating in winter (such as need for a propane tank for heat) or cooling in summer; C) in dire emergencies where the health of a LIHEAP applicant is threatened because the heating in winter or cooling in summer has been shut off, the program will pay for deposits, reconnection, and utility costs up to a maximum of \$500.	\$1,050
California	Round Valley Indian Tribes	150 FPG	48 hour shut-off notice; empty tank: in which our maintenance engineer will go to the home and verify the tank is empty. Then supply a signed form by the applicant and engineer; medically necessary, life or death situation. The applicant will provide an explanation from the doctor of the situation.	\$350
California	Sherwood Valley Band of Pomo Indians	60 SMI	Shut off notice (24 hour or 48 hour notice), 15 day notice. Power shut off or out of propane or wood.	\$300
California	Southern California Tribal Chairman's Association	150 FPG	The following components to determine a crisis: shut-off notice, power already disconnected, deposits, fees (except those that cannot be paid from LIHEAP such as tampering fees, fees due to insufficient funds, etc.) current utility bill with a past due amount, past due notice, etc.	\$350

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
California	Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.	150 FPG	Crisis Assistance will be provided in an amount sufficient to alleviate the crisis and within the applicant's determined benefit level amount. The Crisis Assistance component will be based on which must include either a shut off notice, disconnected utilities or a lack of uncontrollable circumstances home delivered fuel notice in combination with at least one of the following: Household has an unanticipated medical or major household expense. Out of pocket expense should exceed 100% of current utility bill. Documentation could include: receipts of payments made to meet this unanticipated medical or major household expense. Household wage earner with at least a year of stable work history has lost his/her job within the last twelve (12) months. Documentation could include: letter from employer, termination or lay-off notice, UI claims, UI notification of eligibility. Household wage earner has left the home within the past forty-five (45) days. Documentation could include recent application for family assistance (Families First, Food Stamps), order of protection, police report, revised lease, or other legal documentation. Death of wage earner within the last twelve (12) months. Documentation could include obituary, death certificate, and funeral program. Significant loss of work hours. Documentation could include a letter from employer outlining details of loss of work hours or pay stubs. Household wage earner is unable to work due to illness and does not receive sick leave or time away from work. Documentation could include a statement from employer. Household has a non-functioning or malfunctioning heating system. Child under the age of six (6) in the home. Elderly - 1 member of household is age 60 or above. Disabled - 1 member of household is disabled. Uncontrollable circumstances must be explained by the client and documented to the extent possible.	\$300
California	Yurok Tribe	60 SMI	The Household must have a shut off notice, empty tank, or be out of wood.	\$400
Idaho	Coeur d'Alene Tribe	150 FPG	During the winter months because of high cost of electrical, propane, wood and energy log use. We are faced with double and sometimes tribal rises in costs for heating our homes in this area. We have always honored requests for heating assistance and most times it is a crisis due to high rates and shut offs. We have to have the propane delivered from as far away as 50 miles, as well as going to purchase energy logs. Most homes are heated with electricity and we do have frequent power outages in which case our clients have to resort to an alternative heat source, presto logs, or wood. Our policy is a regular heating crisis is when a client is in danger of having electric heating source shut off due to unemployment or health issues. Also, when there are children in the household this is a crisis due to possible medical issues. We are a small community and community members can reach LIHEAP staff to assist on weekends if there is a power outage.	\$450

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Idaho	Nez Perce Tribe	150 FPG	When household faces shutoff of heat source no fuel, winter conditions, no other source of heat in the home.	\$450
Idaho	Shoshone Bannock Tribes	150 FPG	Applicants who have a shut off or termination notice are considered a crisis.	\$500
Kansas	United Tribes of Kansas and SE Nebraska, Inc.	150 FPG	When the household has no utility service or supply of fuel and does not have available resources to meet this need, or when extreme heat or cold constitutes a threat to the health of a member of the household, or when the household's means of heating requires repair.	\$500
Maine	Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians	60 SMI	They have to have 1/4 tank of fuel for emergency assistance or have an electric disconnection notice for shutoff, or an eviction notice	\$200
Maine	Indian Township of Tribal Government	150 FPG	Beginning November 1, 2015, through April 30, 2016, up to \$500 for emergency home heating fuel deliveries, utility emergencies or emergency heating system repairs. This crisis emergency benefits is an additional benefit to any applicant who qualifies for a fuel assistance benefit. An applicant may apply for only ecip. The applicant doesn't necessarily have to have used all of their fuel assistance benefit (such as ecip services, electrical shut-off, furnace repairs and any other crisis not related to fuel assistance) to qualify for ecip.	\$1,000
Maine	The Aroostook Band of Micmacs	150 FPG	Household has 1/8 or less of fuel remaining in tank. Household has less than 1/4 cord of wood and wood is their primary heating source. Household has less than 4 bags or 200 pounds of wood pellets and wood pellets are their primary heating source. Household has received a disconnect notice from the electric company after having failed to meet special payment arrangement responsibilities.	\$200
Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council	60 SMI	A client is determined to be in crisis if they have received an imminent shutoff notice, or are completely out of heating fuel, or malfunctioning equipment has caused them to be unable to heat their home.	\$500
Michigan	Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians	60 SMI	A crisis situation is where there is a threat of a shut-off or a client reports low levels of a vital utility, including heating system or cooling system repairs, with priority in eligibility to elderly, disabled, and young children households.	\$350
Michigan	Keweenaw Bay Indian Community	60 SMI	You are determined to be in a crisis situation if you have exhausted all of your regular heating benefit amount, have a shut-off notice or a tank that is almost empty and you have no money or cannot obtain any assistance elsewhere to pay the bill.	\$200

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Michigan	Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians	60 SMI	Crisis requires a 48 hour response and are situations where the household has received a disconnect notice, service has been disconnected and if heating with propane or fuel oil has an empty tank. In case of wood or coal usage, family has no stock to provide heat in the home. This could also be used to make the household eligible for a deliverable. Household must have exhausted regular benefit to receive consideration through crisis assistance.	\$200
Mississippi	Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians	150 FPG	Household has less than 20% in gas tank, below the income guideline	\$300
Montana	Blackfeet Tribal Business Council	60 SMI	Households that are in a situation where hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions exist in the household's heating system and safety medications are necessary, or it's heating sources and/or fuel supply is no longer available, is shut down, or will be shut down due to an energy-related happening or caused by a situation that is beyond the household's control may be eligible for crisis assistance Eligible households will be provided some form of assistance that will resolve the energy crisis no later than 48 hours after a household applies for such benefits; but not later than 18 hours if household is in a life threatening situation, when the temperature has dropped below 0 degrees Fahrenheit.	\$200
Montana	Chippewa Cree Tribe	60 SMI	A household living on a fixed or limited income having exhausted all LIHEAP benefits with no monetary means to purchase fuel, having a disconnect notice or 5% or less propane tank reading constitutes a crisis.	\$250
Montana	Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes	60 SMI	An emergency crisis is a lack of heat. Applicants must update income at the time of crisis application. Crisis assistance may be used for purchase of heat. May include the purchase of wood stoves, blankets, heaters, emergency furnace and/or stove repair, and /or chimney cleaning. The applicant may use a portion in repair and a portion in fuel delivery. Reconnect fees (if heating has been disconnected) and additional security deposits are allowed.	\$1,000
Montana	Fort Belknap Indian Community	60 SMI	Consumer must have a Termination Notice or have been already shut-off (verify with company). Consumer must be out of propane or within 10% of being out. Verify with vendor. Elderly and handicapped with medical issues during extreme weather conditions. Families with young children during extreme weather conditions.	\$350

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Montana	Fort Peck Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes	60 SMI	The household has used all energy benefits and has run out of has 10% or less of propane. The household has had their utilities, disconnected or will be disconnected with seven days. The household has had their main source break down and emergency furance repair/replacement is required. An elderly/handicapped household may have medical need for cooling assistance during the summer on very hot days. This would be determined by the LIHEAP staff and would allow for purchase of a window air conditioner.	\$2,000
Montana	Northern Cheyenne Tribe	150 FPG	The client's electricity is going to be disconnected during the winter and it is very cold. The client's propane is going to be out in a day or so and it is very cold. There is a problem with the furnace and we assist with wood.	\$250
New Mexico	Five Sandoval	185 FPG	A crisis is defined as a household encounters financial burden to keep energy services in place and unable to keep good payment standings resulting in financial hardship from losing a job or public benefits that directly affect the health and well being of the Household.	\$200
New Mexico	Jicarilla Apache Nation	150 FPG	When applicant has a disconnect notice or has been shut off, and medical equipment is being utilized or there are children in the household.	\$350
New Mexico	Nambe Pueblo	150 FPG	Eligible applicant are considered in crisis if the household: Has elderly (+60), disabled or children under 18 years of age. There is an unexpected reduction in income (for example due to recent loss of job within 2 month). Unexpected increase in monthly expenses due to unforeseen disaster (such as extreme weather conditions).	\$2,000
New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	150 FPG	A crisis is determined when a household has a disconnect notice from their utility provider, when a household has 5% or less of propane, or when the household only has enough wood to sustain them for the next 24-48 hours.	\$300
New Mexico	Pueblo of Laguna Utility Authority	150 FPG	As stated on our application, we are considering a crisis as a disconnection of services and/or no heating source, but applicants must provide supporting documentation.	\$350
New Mexico	Pueblo of Zuni	150 FPG	Households that are at risk for hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions related to their household's heating or cooling system are considered crisis. A household can be considered crisis, should there be unavailability of heating resources or if fuel supply is no longer available, is shut down or will be shut down or caused by a situation beyond the household's control.	\$400
New York	Seneca Nation of Indians	60 SMI	Having no heating fuel, a supply less than 1/4 of their household's fuel tank, or having a supply of fuel that will last less than 10 days or a termination notice. An eligible household crisis emergency must be resolved within 48 hours from the time of the emergency application	\$575

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
New York	St. Regis Mohawk Tribe	60 SMI	The tribe defines an emergency as a threat to the health and well-being of a household who has or will be affected by the termination of its major source of home heating.	\$575
North Carolina	Lumbee Nation	150 FPG	A crisis is an occurrence where a household is unable to pay its heating or cooling cost due to unforeseen circumstance beyond its control.	\$500
North Dakota	Spirit Lake Tribe	60 SMI	Energy crisis: This term means weather related and supply shortage emergencies and other household energy related emergencies. Households must meet one of the following conditions: Supplier refuses to deliver; Household has an overdue bill from supplier; Heating systems require repair or replacement; Households has less than 20% remaining tank; Household has an eviction notice for non-payment when heat is included in rent or paid in addition to rent.	\$3,000
North Dakota	Standing Rock Sioux	150 FPG	A household is in a crisis if it is experiencing a life threatening or health related emergency due to a heating issue and sufficient timely and appropriate assistance is not available from any other source.	\$2,500
North Dakota	Three Affiliated Tribes	31 SMI	Households must have no other personal or community assistance available to pay for their energy/heat crisis. We inform the eligible client household at time of application to check their propane tank and to call us when they are at 20% or empty and we will call the vendor for propane. Eligible electric client household at time of application have a shut off notice or are disconnected we will inform the vendor and get payment done as soon as possible - or within 24 hrs. to get them reconnected. Depending on circumstances, we can provide furnace repair up to \$350.00 and we provide space heaters if needed. We provide emergency shelter for homeless clients up to \$350.00 at the local motels in our area. These are crisis situations we have in the winter that are life threatening.	\$350
North Dakota	Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians	60 SMI	The household ran out of propane, fuel oil, dealer won't deliver. Eviction notice from housing due to non-payment for electric. Shut office notice from electric company. Must have exhausted their benefits.	\$1,300
Oklahoma	Apache Tribe of Oklahoma	150 FPG	In jeopardy of losing heating or cooling essential to health and well-being.	\$200
Oklahoma	Cherokee Nation	150 FPG	Any energy related emergency which could result in the loss of a LIHEAP eligible household heating/cooling capabilities or an appliance deficiency which directly affects energy conservation. Emergencies are defined as burn-outs, natural disasters, shut-off notices, utility deposits, severe need of heating/cooling appliances, fans, blankets, etc.	\$250
Oklahoma	Cheyenne and Arapaho Tribes	150 FPG	A crisis is when there is no electricity in the homes especially households with elders, disabled, and young children.	\$350

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Oklahoma	Chickasaw Nation	150 FPG	Crisis is defined as elderly, disabled or household members in which an infant resides, or any eligible household where the health of a household member will be adversely affected by the termination of its source of heating or cooling. The tribe will provide for immediate payment of a heating or cooling bill for the affected household. Crisis situation is further defined as an eligible household distressed by unemployment, medical bills or "special condition" as defined under assurance number five, threatened with termination of home heating or cooling. A person who has utility service discontinued may face the risk of plumbing, freezing or fire, which could lead to homelessness.	\$250
Oklahoma	Choctaw Nation	60 SMI	A crisis situation is identified as any eligible household wherein resides elderly or disabled person(s), infant(s), children under age 5, or any eligible household wherein the health of a household member will be adversely affected by termination of its source of home heating or cooling. In a crisis situation, the Tribe provides for immediate payment of a heating or cooling bill for the affected household. A crisis situation is further defined as eligible households distressed by unemployment, medical bills, or any "special condition" as defined in the Plan under Assurance Number 5, who have received utility bill termination notices.	\$600
Oklahoma	Citizen Potawatomi Nation	60 SMI	Utility is pending disconnect or has been disconnected. Temperatures below freezing are within the 7 day weather forecast. Temperature above 100 degree heat index are within the 7 day weather forecast.	\$400
Oklahoma	Comanche Nation of Oklahoma	150 FPG	As a result of a cut-off notice/disconnect notice, a household must have received a cut-off notice of fuel received or received a notice of refusal to provide additional fuel when current supply will be depleted within a 48/72 hour period. Benefit level based on income, household size and fuel type will be taken into consideration.	\$580
Oklahoma	Delaware Nation	150 FPG	Crisis assistance is determined by medical condition or families with small children that are at risk of having utilities cut off.	\$200
Oklahoma	Delaware Tribe of Indians	60 SMI	An eligible Delaware Tribal member must bring a shut-off notice with them when they come in to fill out an application	\$700
Oklahoma	Eastern Shawnee	110 FPG	Life threatening situation or a safety issue	\$5,000
Oklahoma	Fort Sill Apache Tribe	20 SMI	Crisis assistance is described as a household that has exhausted their regular benefits and are in need of repairs or replacement of heating or cooling equipment.	\$260
Oklahoma	Kialegee Tribal Town	150 FPG	Life or health endangerment from lack of energy service in the home.	\$150
Oklahoma	Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma	110 FPG	Households must provide 48 hour cutoff notices or cutoff notice.	\$400

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Oklahoma	Kiowa Tribe	60 SMI	Applicant should present a "disconnect" notice or have already been disconnected from utility service, when applying for crisis assistance. Priority shall be given to the elderly, disabled, and/or households with infants or children under the age of (5) years residing in the home. Households that may face an extreme health risk/crisis for someone residing in their household that may have asthma, be a newborn infant, extreme heat or cold, must use oxygen, has a severe heart condition, etc. Crisis assistance will only be given once per year through the Kiowa Tribe, but not for both seasons. Applicant cannot have utilized the Department of Health & Human Services in their county of residence OR another Tribe, for LIHEAP assistance in the current fiscal year . Only in extreme cases shall the crisis requirement be waived, and only upon the Director's discretion and on a case-by-case basis. All other eligibility requirements for LIHEAP shall apply.	\$275
Oklahoma	Miami Tribe of Oklahoma	60 SMI	A crisis is defined by weather-related and supply shortage emergencies and other household energy-related emergencies. An energy crisis applicant is determined eligible when a member of the applicant's household includes a member of the following vulnerable population: 1. an elder over age 60, 2. a child under age 6, 3. a person with a disability; and the vulnerable population member in the household is at risk of endangerment to their health and/or well being if energy assistance is not provided. Non-emergency crises include crises that are not considered life-threatening such as employment, education, income management, etc. An approved applicant must receive relief within 48 hours	\$400
Oklahoma	Modoc Tribe of Oklahoma	60 SMI	Shut off notice or near empty tank.	\$800
Oklahoma	Muscogee (Creek) Nation	60 SMI	The household must have received a cut-off notice or have an empty tank. Must have exhausted regular benefit.	\$332
Oklahoma	Osage Nation	60 SMI	1. Possible health threat to vulnerable applicants and households; 2. Non-working heating or cooling equipment; 3. Principal Chief of the Osage Nation has declared by Executive Order in extreme temperatures; 4. President has declared the service area a natural disaster.	\$6,000
Oklahoma	Otoe - Missouri Tribe of Indians	150 FPG	Crisis is non life-threatening home energy situation due to heating/cooling source. Income eligible households must have a cut-off/disconnect notice or household must have less than 25 % propane for heating or households with utilities inclusive with rent costs must have a written statement of threat of eviction due to unpaid of rent that includes utilities for heating/cooling source. Staff will resolve energy crisis within 48 hours after eligible household applies with completed applications	\$275

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Oklahoma	Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma	150 FPG	Situation beyond the applicants control. Life threatening situations. Loss of wages with shut off notice.	\$300
Oklahoma	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma	150 FPG	A crisis can be defined as a decisive or critical moment in regards to a client's health and/or life. The following constitutes as a crisis; loss of wages due to cutbacks or layoffs in the workforce, becoming disabled due to illness or accident, sickness, or even death to a family member, which causes a financial burden to the household.	\$250
Oklahoma	Ponca Tribe of Oklahoma	150 FPG	A crisis is when a family receives a 23 hour cut-off notice on electricity or gas or an empty propane tank	\$200
Oklahoma	Quapaw Tribe of Oklahoma	60 SMI	A crisis is a result of valid precipitating factor, a household must have received a 72-hour turn-off notice, have had service already turned off, have received a notice of refusal to provide additional fuel when current supply will be depleted within 72-hours, need funds for a new connection, or have a verified life-threatening crisis situation.	\$1,500
Oklahoma	Sac and Fox Nation of Oklahoma	60 SMI	Cut off, shut off or disconnect notice or less than 10% left in propane tank.	\$450
Oklahoma	Seminole Nation of Oklahoma	150 FPG	When the applicant's utility or energy services are in the disconnect or cut-off status.	\$250
Oklahoma	Seneca Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma	150 FPG	Cut-off notice or home energy source already cut off.	\$650
Oklahoma	Shawnee Tribe	60 SMI	Households must have a shut off notice or already have had utilities shut off to qualify as a crisis situation or have a tank that is below 20% full. Households must have exhausted all other resources for assistance	\$150
Oklahoma	Thlopthlocco Tribal Town	60 SMI	A crisis exist when a household is without heating/cooling service, at risk of having the service disconnected within 72 hours of application, has a notice of refusal to provide additional fuel when current supply will be depleted within 72 hours.	\$350
Oklahoma	Tonkawa Tribe of Oklahoma	60 SMI	No source of income, medical emergency, death of a family member that would be the sole provider of the family, shut of notice, any other situation deemed a "crisis" by the tribal business committee.	\$300
Oklahoma	United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians	150 FPG	Human Services handles crisis situations on a case by case basis. The client must have exhausted regular benefits and must have a threats of cut-off notice.	\$500

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Oklahoma	Wichita and Affiliated Tribes	60 SMI	A crisis exists when the household faces a termination of utility services or exhaustion of supply or fuel and does not have available resources to meet this immediate need. A crisis may also exist due to extreme cold or heat which constitutes a threat to the health of a member of the household, or when the household's means if heating requires repair or replacement. At times of extreme cold to heat the tribe may waive the need to have a shutoff or empty fuel tank.	\$350
Oklahoma	Wyandotte Nation	60 SMI	Services disconnected or about to be disconnected by shut off or cut off from energy company.	\$200
Oregon	Confederated Tribes of Coos_Lower Umpqua and Siuslaw Indians	60 SMI	A crisis exists when a Tribal household faces an energy burden which depletes or threatens to deplete financial resources, or which poses a health and/or safety threat to the well being of the Tribal household. This can include a shut off notice or an emergency such as a natural disaster or weather event (relating to cold or hot weather), flood, earth quake, tornado, hurricane, or ice storm. This includes equipment that is currently not working or is in need of repair.	\$500
Oregon	Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians	60 SMI	A crisis exists when a household member(s) health and/or well-being would likely be endangered if assistance is not provided to continue heating/energy services. When a disconnect or shut-off of services is imminent	\$700
Oregon	Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon		The term crisis (or emergency) means weather-related and supply shortage emergencies. Benefit levels for households in crisis are based on the need to reduce or eliminate the crisis.	\$800
Oregon	Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs	150 FPG	Needing energy assistance due to a sudden or unexpected event. However it must be 90 days since prior assistance and must have made 1 payment on their own of at least 5% of the bill balance.	\$500
Oregon	Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians	60 SMI	A crisis exist when a household face's an energy burden which deplete or threaten to deplete financial resources, or poses a potential health and /or safety threat to the Well being of the household. A crisis also exists when there is no source of heat such as the heater/ oil burner/pellet stove/ wood stove is not working.	\$550
Oregon	Klamath Tribes	60 SMI	A crisis exists when a household faces an energy burden which depletes or threatens to deplete financial resources, or which poses a potential health and/or safety threat.	\$500
Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe	60 SIM	The program defines a crisis as an eligible family with minor children, elders or disabled individuals in the home that are in threat of termination of heating and/or electric or has had their utility services terminated.	\$400

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
South Dakota	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe	60 SMI	If they are at 5% with propane & fuel oil and a shut off notice for electricity wood clients with 1/2 a load this gives the vendor time to get to them. The crisis must resolved within 48 hours from the time of the emergency.	\$750
South Dakota	Lower Brule Sioux Tribe	150 FPG	Crisis defined as anything non life-threatening to include but not limited to a lack of fuel, danger of being without fuel or services disconnected. All proper documentation is necessary.	\$400
South Dakota	Oglala Sioux Tribe	150 FPG	A crisis is determined when an eligibile household is on the verge of disconnection, or empty tank with no other resources. And there poses a risk for children, and/or elders, and/or handicapped individuals in the home.	\$250
South Dakota	Rosebud Sioux Tribe	150 FPG	Eligible households must have received a shut-off notice or have an empty tank, household must have exhausted regular benefits, household heating/cooling must be medically necessary.	\$800
South Dakota	Yankton Sioux	150 FPG	When a regular crisis occurs we must respond within 48 hours, it is considered a regular crisis when any qualified household either runs out of propane/fuel oil or has the electricity disconnected.	\$400
Utah	Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah	150 FPG	An emergency exists when any eligible household is confronted with one or more of the following emergency situations: A storm-caused of fuel supply or interruption of fuel delivery; Repair of furnace, heater, stovepipe or chimney of heating source; Disconnection or shut-off notice; Broken windows causing energy loss; Lodging relating to loss of household heat; A storm-caused of fuel supply or interruption of fuel delivery. Other such energy related crisis as approved by the above	\$500
Utah	Ute Tribe	60 SMI	Applicant provides a "shut-off" notice that service will be disconnected. Weather related and supply shortage emergencies and other household energy related emergencies.	\$1,000
Washington	Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation	150 FPG	A crisis exists when a household faces and energy burden which depletes or threatens to deplete financial resources, or which poses a health and/or safety threat to the wellbeing of the household. A crisis is evidenced by a disconnection notice	\$300
Washington	Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation	60 SMI	Household must have received a past due notice, signed vendor payment agreement, disconnection notice, or have less than a 10 day fuel supply of wood, propane, oil, wood pellets, furnace or other primary heating system inoperable, substantially dysfunctional or unsafe.	\$350
Washington	Hoh Indian Tribe	150 FPG	A household that had had its electricity utility services terminated or a household with a disconnect or pay notice is in crisis.	\$400

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Washington	Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	150 FPG	The tribes definition to determine a crisis is a client who does not have a LIHEAP application currently being processed for the annual allotment to have a shut off notice; requested assistance from at least two outside agencies and not have the ability to pay for heating and cooling within 24 hours	
Washington	Kalispel Tribe of Indians	150 FPG	The Kalispel Tribe uses the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, Section 2603 definition of "energy crisis" meaning weather-related and supply shortage emergencies and other household energy - related emergencies.	\$360
Washington	Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe	150 FPG	The Tribe will resolve the energy crisis within 48 hours after an eligible household applies for crisis benefits. The Tribe follows the same income eligibility requirements for crisis assistance as for general heating assistance (150% below HHS poverty guidelines). The household must have received a shut off notice, have had their power shut off or have an empty tank in order to receive crisis assistance. Additionally, conditions that create a lack of heat (e.g., broken windows, damaged furnace, etc.) may constitute a crisis situation.	\$800
Washington	Lummi Indian Business Council	60 SMI	A crisis situation is where a Lummi elder 62 or older, someone disabled receiving SSI, or a single parent with young children 6 years or younger, has received a 24-hr shut off for Electric, Natural Gas, Propane, or Oil; and has no other resources available to provide heating for their home. Also verification of being medical necessary for electricity (for Oxygen, for example) or heating is also considered a crisis and constitutes eligibility for emergency funds.	\$350
Washington	Makah Indian Tribe	150 FPG	48 hour power shut off notice or power is off in the household	\$350
Washington	Muckleshoot Indian Tribe	60 SMI	A crisis for this provision will be a shut off notice/urgent notice/final notice, with all alternative sources exhausted. Crisis funds will be used to provide assistance to any qualified applicants in this situation regardless of source of heat.	\$200
Washington	Nooksack Indian Tribe	150 FPG	Starting March 15 to September or until funds run out, we operate on crisis mode. To qualify for crisis assistance, a client must meet income requirements and have a shutoff notice.	\$500
Washington	Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe	60 SMI	The assistance will include avoidance of electrical shut-offs and minor furnace and other heating source repairs.	\$637

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Washington	Quileute Indian Tribe	150 FPG	What constitutes a crisis?Crisis-requires intervention within 48 hours- A crisis is defined as unusual circumstances beyond a family's control, and beyond the ability of nearby neighbors or relatives to assist, that threaten a household withimminent loss of their primary heating source and furthermore, no secondary source is available.-Crisis vouchers are available to applicants once they have exhausted their maximum benefits. A percentage of crisis assistance dollars are preserved for use after March 15.- We have many households in transition needing assistance such as payment or deposits to allow hookup of new connectionsHouseholds must provide verification of a shut off notice or near empty tank to receive crisis assistance. In addition, they must have exhausted their regular heating benefits.The Quileute Tribal LIHEAP program also provides assistance in certain crisis situations requiring change of name on account or reconnect fees (e.g. domestic violence,emergency move, etc..)	\$650
Washington	Quinault Indian Nation	60 SMI	A crisis is defined as an eligible participant that has received notice of energy service including propane and electricity disconnection. Any household with disabled, those over 60 and under 5 years of age are processed prior to all other crisis intervention applicants, and all will be addressed within 48 hours. If the applicant had already received heating benefits, then this would be considered crisis funds. If regular distributions have yet to be disbursed due to the crisis occurring before the applicaiton period, the client is still eligible for these crisis funds but this will be deducted from tehirst regular distribution, thus allowing the client to apply for crisis intervention again later this year.	\$500
Washington	Samish Indian Nation	60 SMI	Crisis funds will be used to assist households if their normal LIHEAP assistance has been fully expended and the assistance is necessary to stabilize and maintain a safe environment. The following (including, but not limited to) constitutes a crisis: a disconnection notice; less than a 10-day supply of oil, wood, or propane; a substantially dysfunctional or unsafe heating system; fans when summer temperatures reach an unsafe levels for the elderly, young, or disabled. Repairs or replacements must meet the Samish Indian Nation Accounting Policy requirements of procurement including 3 bids/proposals.	\$1,000
Washington	Small Tribes Organization of Western Washington	150 FPG	We consider a crisis as anyone with a shut-off notice.	\$300
Washington	South Puget Intertribal Planning Agency	150 FPG	The inability to pay, medical needs or small children in the home with no heat constitutes a crisis.	\$1,000
Washington	Spokane Tribe	150 FPG	Shut off notice, low on fuel such as propane, low on wood. Propane tank almost empty or only have 5 days of wood for heat left is considered a crisis.	\$400

State	Tribe	Eligibility	Crisis Definition	Max Benefit
Washington	Suquamish Indian Tribe of the Port of Madison Reservation	60 SMI	The Suquamish Tribe recognizes the following as a crisis: a disconnection notice, notice of termination from a budget or average payment plan, less than a ten-day supply of oil, wood, or propane; insufficient funds to reorder heating supplies, or a substantially dysfunctional or unsafe heating system. Also, households including aged, disabled, vulnerable adults or young children are considered highest priority.	\$700
Washington	Swinomish Indian Tribal Community	60 SMI	Applicant must have a shut off notice or have been shut off.	\$760
Wyoming	Eastern Shoshone Tribe	60 SMI	If the weather forecast is sub-freezing temperatures and the household's propane is empty or their firewood is used up or their gas or electricity has been shut off. Assistance for crisis is handled on a case-by-case basis, with a maximum benefit of \$1,000.	\$1,000
Wyoming	Northern Arapaho Tribe	60 SMI	Clients with an income approved guidelines have a shut off or propane level is 5% or less. Priority is given to clients with small children, handicapped, or disabled households	\$500